## **B.Ed OPTIONAL COURSE**

#### MATHEMATICS - I

## **OBJECTIVES**

At the end of the course, the student teachers will be able to

- understand the nature and development of mathematics
- understand the aims and objectives of teaching mathematics
- know the importance of teaching mathematics in relation to other subjects
- ➢ formulate the general instructional objectives and specific learning outcomes
- > acquire competence in teaching mathematics and structuring lesson plans
- > apply methods of teaching of mathematics
- > understand the various psychological aspects involved in teaching mathematics

#### UNIT I. Nature, Characteristics and of Mathematics

Meaning, characteristics and definition of Mathematics - Logical Sequence, structure, precision, abstractness, symbolism - Mathematics as a science of measurement and quantification - Mathematics and its relationship with other disciplines

#### **UNIT II. Developments of Mathematics**

Contribution of eminent mathematicians to the development of mathematics - Aryabhatta, Brahmagupta, Baskara, Ramanujam, Euler, Euclid, Pythagoras, Gauss.

### UNIT III. Aims And Objectives of Teaching Mathematics

The need and significance of teaching Mathematics - Aims - Practical, social, disciplinary and cultural – Instuctional Objectives – General Instructional Objectives (G.I.Os) and behavioural or Specific Learning Outcomes (S.L.Os) relating to the cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains.

### **UNIT IV. Teaching Skills**

Micro teaching – origin, need, procedure, cycle of operation and uses – skill emphasis - explaining, questioning, using black board, reinforcement, stimulus variation, introduction

#### UNIT V. Lesson planning and its uses

Macro teaching – Lesson plan and unit plan – Herbartian steps - Format of a typical lesson plan - teaching aids – motivation, presentation, application, recapitulation and assignment

#### UNIT VI. Psychological Theories and factors influencing the Learning of Mathematics

Psychology of learning Mathematics - Gagne's types of learning, the ideas of Piaget and Bruner – appropriateness of these types in learning mathematics.

Psychological aspects – interest, attention – Formation of mathematical concepts. -Factors influencing the learning of Mathematics - motivation, maturation, perception, special abilities, attitude and aptitude-Divergent thinking in Mathematics – creative thinking in Mathematics.

### UNIT VII. Identification of Individual differences

Individual differences in mathematics - Causes for slow learning in mathematics and remedial measures for the backward - Identification of the gifted and enrichment programmes for the gifted.

#### UNIT VIII. Methods and Teaching Aids

Inductive, deductive, analytic, synthetic, heuristic, project, problem solving and laboratory methods of teaching mathematics – Activity Based Learning (ABL) – Active Learning Method (ALM) – Applications of ABL and ALM.

Importance of teaching aids – projected and non-projected aids – improvised aids : Paper folding and paper cutting etc., - criteria for selection of appropriate teaching aids – use of mass media in teaching mathematics

#### UNIT IX. Evaluation and Analysis of test scores

Different types of tests in Mathematics, achievement, diagnostic, prognostic -criterion and norm referenced evaluation - construction of achievement test - Statistical measures -mean, median, mode, range, average deviation, quartile deviation, standard deviation -rank correlation.

## **UNIT X. Analysis of Textbooks**

Analysis of content available in Mathematics text books of IX to XII standards prescribed by Government of Tamil Nadu.

## PRACTICALS

- Collection of Biographies of different mathematicians and history of symbols.
- Project on mathematics and its relationship with other disciplines
- Preparation of unit plan and lesson plan
- Practice of skills in micro teaching
- Preparation of Improvised teaching aids
- Preparation of over head transparencies
- Test construction Achievement and Diagnosis
- Critical analysis of content course of standard IX to XII syllabus.

# SUGGESTED REFERENCE BOOKS:

Aggarwal, J. C. (2008). *Teaching of mathematics*. UP: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

Kulshreshtha, A. K. (2008). Teaching of Mathematics. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.

Pratap, N. (2008). Teaching of Mathematics. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.

Sharma, R. A. (2008). Technological foundation of education. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.

Wadhwa, S. (2008). *Modern methods of teaching mathematics*. New Delhi: Karan Papers Backs.

Schwartz, S. L. (2007). *Teaching young children mathematics*. London: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.

விஜயலட்சுமி. (2008). *கற்பித்தலில் சிக்கல்கள் தீர்வுகள்.* சென்னை: சாந்தா பதிப்பகம். இரத்தின சபாபதி, பி. (2008) *கல்வியில் தேர்வு.* சென்னை: சாந்தா பதிப்பகம்.

கணபதி, வி. & இரத்தின சபாபதி, பி (2008). *நுண்நிலை கற்பித்தல்*. சென்னை: சாந்தா பதிப்பகம்.

இரத்தின சபாபதி, பி & இரேணுபத்மாமோகன். (2008). *வினாக்களில் விரிகல்கள்.* சென்னை: சாந்தா பதிப்பகம். தமயந்தி பாக்கியநாதன், என. (2008). *கணிதம் கற்பித்தல்*. சென்னை சாந்தா பதிப்பகம்.

நடராஜன், வி. (2008). *கணிதம் கற்பிக்கும் முறைகள்*. சென்னை சாந்தா பதிப்பகம்.

பாஸ்கரன், ப., & பத்மப்ரியா. (2007). *கலைத்திட்ட வளர்ச்சி.* சென்னை: சாரதா பகிப்பகம்

விஜயலட்சுமி, வ. (2007). *நுன்னிலை கற்பத்தல்*. சென்னை: சாரதா பதிப்பகம்.

துமயந்தி பாக்கிய நாதன். (2007). *கணிதம் கற்பித்தல்.* சென்னை: சாரதா பதிப்பகம்

Goel, Amit. (2006). Learn and teach mathematics. Delhi: Authors Pres..

Sidhu, K. S. (2006). The teaching of mathematics. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers private ltd.

Singh, M. (2006). Modern teaching of mathematics. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Mangal, S. k., & Mangal, S. (2005). *Essentials of educational technology and management*. Meerut: loyal book depot.

Siddizui, M. H. (2005). *Teaching of mathematics*. New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation. ICFAI. (2004). *Methodology of teaching mathematics*. Hyderabad: ICFAI University Press.

Joyce., & Well., (2004). Models of teaching. U.K: Prentice hall of India.

Nalikar, J. V., & Narlikar, M. (2001). *Fun and fundamentals of mathematics*. Hyderabad: Universities Press.

Costello, J. (1991). Teaching and learning of mathematics. London: Routledge.

Gagne, R. M. (1990). *The learning principles: Analysis of concept learning*. New York : Merrill Publishing Company.

Oosterhof. A. C. (1990). *Classroom applications of educational measurement*. Ohio: Merrill Publishing.

Ernest, P. (1989). Mathematics teaching: The state of the art. London: Falmer Press.

Pirie. S. (1987). *Mathematics investigations in your classroom*. London : Macmillan Publishing Company.

Cooney. T.J., Davis, E. J. & Henderson, K. B. (1975). *Dynamics of teaching secondary school mathematics. Boston* : Houghton Company.

Burner, J. S. (1971). Towards a study of Instruction. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.

Passi, B. K. (1976). *Becoming a better teacher : Micro teaching approach*. Ahemedabad: Sahitya Mudranalaya.

Gagne, R. M. (1967). Learning and individual differncism. Ohio: Charles E. Merril Books Inc.

Burner, J. S. (1962). The process of education. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.